

## A new combination and lectotypification in *Genista cinerea* group (Fabaceae)

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The new combination *Genista cinerea* (Vill.) DC. subsp. *jimenezii* (Pau) Cantó is made and *Genista murcica* Coss. is lectotypified.

Key words: *Genista*, nomenclature, taxonomy, typification

The taxonomic status and identification of *Genista murcica* Coss. and *G. jimenezii* Pau have been unclear since they were first described by Cosson (1851) and Pau (1902), respectively. These plants are distributed in the south-east of the Iberian Peninsula.

The monograph on *Genista* for *Flora Iberica* considers *G. murcica* as a synonym of *G. cinerea* (Vill.) DC., while *G. jimenezii* is given the status of species. For clarification of the differing criteria (Vicioso 1953, Cantó & Sánchez 1988, Mateo & Crespo 1990, Talavera 1999) regarding both the taxonomic status and the identification of these plants, we have to go back to the protologue and the original material. Cosson (1851) described *G. murcica* as having the back of the standard glabrous, while Pau (1902) described *G. jimenezii* as having the back of the standard sericeous. Once again I can confirm the importance of the hair-covering of the standard as a character. The type material of *G. murcica* (P!, G!), as well as new material collected by us from the type locality (UTM: 30SXH7820, MAF163965) and material collected by other authors from

the Orihuela and Callosa Mountains (MA372968, MA336243, MA58995, MA336060, MA262155) have the back of the standard glabrous. In contrast the type material of *G. jimenezii* and all the new specimens collected by us from the type locality (UTM: 30SXG6660, MAF163966) and other material from other places from Cabo de Gata to the south of the Alicante province have the back of the standard sericeous. I do not consider *G. murcica* as a synonym of *G. cinerea*, described from The Dauphiné (cf. Villars 1789: 420) (type: MHNGr.1837.28378!), due to the differential characters between them, the most important ones being: the former has flowers in short racemes and the standard glabrous or with very rare isolated hairs; the latter has flowers in clusters (“*flores axillares terni*”, cf. Villars 1779: 41) and the standard with a uniform median ridge of hairs.

I conclude that the plants described by Cosson (1851) and Pau (1902) have their own taxonomic identity and should, in accordance with the rest of the *Genista cinerea* group (cf. Cantó & Sánchez 1988, Cantó *et al.* 1997), be recognized as subspecies as follows.

***Genista cinerea* (Vill.) DC. subsp.  
*jimenezii* (Pau) Cantó, comb. nova**

*Genista jimenezii* Pau, Bol. Soc. Aragonesa Ci. Nat. 1: 28. 1902.

LECTOTYPE (Talavera & Salgueiro 1999: 206): Spain. “Murcie: Carthagène, collines de El Morteral”, 31.III.1901, leg. Pr. de Jiménez” (MA474579!). OTHER TYPE MATERIAL: MA58997 (2a)! (Alcaraz 1985 *in sched.*), MA58997 (2b)! (Cantó 1988 *in sched.*).

***Genista cinerea* (Vill.) DC. subsp. *murcica*  
(Cosson) Cantó & M.J. Sánchez**

Candollea 43: 90. 1988. — *G. murcica* Coss., Notes Pl. Crit.: 101. 1851.

LECTOTYPE (designated here): Spain. “Rocher de S. Michel à Orihuela, 1 Mai. E. Bourgeau; Pl. D’Espagne 1850/988” P00343396!. The lectotype is the specimen measuring 40 cm in length, with root. The other smaller sample (10 cm) is an isolectotype. Other isolectotypes: P00343397!, G00012355!, G00012356!. OTHER TYPE MATERIAL: E (Talavera & Salgueiro 1999).

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